## Computer lab

## English

Vietnamese

The are N teams participating in the next year regional ACM contest in Ho Chi Minh city. The organization board has arranged $N$ computers for the teams. Team $i$ will sit at coordinates $x_{i}, y_{i}$. To help the teams access the judging system easily, the organization board has also arranged $M$ access points. They want to setup the computer lab so that:

- Each computer is connected to exactly one access point.
- The number of computers connected to the access points are different by no more than one.
- The total "flickering number" of the network is minimized. The flickering number of a computer is measured by the square distance from this computer to the access point that it is connected to.


## Input

- First line: two numbers M and N .
- In the next M lines, each line contain two numbers that are coordinates of the access points.
- In the next N lines, each line contain two numbers that are coordinates of the computers.


## Output

- Line 1: print the minimum total flickering number of the network.
- Line 2: print N numbers. The $\mathrm{i}^{\text {th }}$ number is the index of the access point that computer i connected to.


## Example

## Input

23
00
21
10
11
12

## Output

4
122
The following figure represents the example test case. The computer are represented by black squares and the access points are represented by white squares.


## Constraints

$1 \leq N \leq 200,1 \leq M \leq 50$. Coordinates are integers having absolute values no more than 1000 .

