Sum It Up

In this problem, you will be given 3 integer numbers x, y, z as input (absolute value of x, y and z will be less than 1000). Your job is to print their sum.

Input

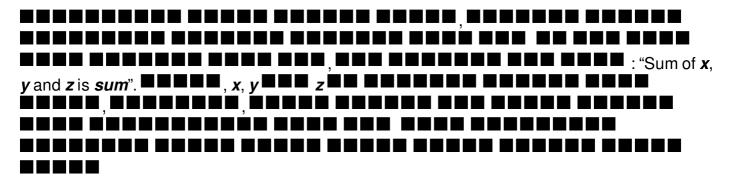
The first line of input consists of a number **T**, denoting the number of test cases. There will be next **T** lines. Each line will contain 3 integers. Your code might look like below:

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
   int testcase, i, x, y, z, sum;
   int caseno = 1;
   scanf("%d",&testcase);
  for(i = 1; i <= testcase; i++)
  {
     //write lines here to take input in x, y, z
     //write lines to keep the sum of x, y and z in sum variable
     printf("Case %d: ", caseno);
     caseno++;
     //write lines here to print the desired output
     printf("\n");
   }
```

```
return 0;
}
```

Output

For each input case, first, print the case number. Then print a line "Sum of x, y and z is sum". Here, x, y and z will be replaced according to the given input. And sum will be the summation result of x, y and z. See the sample input output for more details.



Example

Input:

3 3 5 4 4 -2 10 500 500 500

Output:

Case 1: Sum of 3, 5 and 4 is 12 Case 2: Sum of 4, -2 and 10 is 12

Case 3: Sum of 500, 500 and 500 is 1500