Recaman's Sequence

English

<u>Vietnamese</u>

The Recaman's sequence is defined by a0 = 0; for m > 0, a(m) = a(m-1) - m if the resulting a(m) is positive and not already in the sequence, otherwise a(m) = a(m-1) + m. The first few numbers in the Recaman's Sequence is 0, 1, 3, 6, 2, 7, 13, 20, 12, 21, 11, 22, 10, 23, 9 · · · .

Given k, your task is to calculate a(k).

Input

The input consists of several test cases. Each line of the input contains an integer k where $0 \le k \le$ 500000. The last line contains an integer –1, which should not be processed.

Sample Input

7 10000 -1

Output

For each k given in the input, print one line containing a(k) to the output.

Sample output 20 18658