## Minimum and maximum numbers

Given N and K , find the smallest and the largest positive integers, each with exactly N digits and having exactly K distinct digits ( $0-9$ ). Leading zeroes are not allowed!

## Input

First line contains T, the number of test cases ( about 200 ). Each of the next T lines contains ' N $\mathrm{K}^{\prime}$, where $1<=\mathrm{N}<=18$ and $1<=\mathrm{K}<=10$. Input is given such that the answer will always exist.

## Output

For each test case, output the two numbers, separated by a space, in a new line.

## Example

Input:
2
11
33
Output:
19
102987

