## Problem 4

Given an integer N you have to find smallest prime number which comes after N , means smalltest prime which is greater than N .

## Input

First line contains T the number of test cases. Each of next T lines contain one integer N.
$1<=\mathrm{N}<=10^{\wedge} 9$

## Output

For each test case print the answer in a new line.

## Example

Input:
2
5
21

Output:
7
23

