## Digibomb!

Nayeem rushed to you with a sad, helpless look in his eyes. One part of his program needs to multiply two integers and find the number of digit it has. Now the problem is these numbers can be very big - as big as 18 digits. Everytime Nayeem tries to multiply them they overflow - since long long can only handle numbers less then $2^{\wedge} 63-1$, which is roughly 19 digits.

Nayeem believes you are super smart and you can help him this time. Can you write him that part of the program?

## Input

First line will contain number of test cases $t$.
Each case will have two integers a and b. Both are less than $10^{\wedge} 19$.

## Output

For each case output how many digits will be there in the product of $a, b$.

## Example

## Input:

4
100100
1000010000
100000100000
10000000018042893831000000000846930886

## Output:

5
9
11
37

