## Discrete Math Problem

Given $\mathrm{N}, \mathrm{M}$ and $\mathrm{K}\left(1<=\mathrm{N}, \mathrm{M}<=100^{\wedge} 200\right.$ and $\left.1<=\mathrm{K}<=16\right)$ which
$\mathrm{N}=\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{b}$
$M=a^{\wedge} 2+b^{\wedge} 2-\left(2^{\wedge} K-2\right)^{*} a * b$
with $a>0, b>0$ and $\operatorname{gcd}(a, b)=1$.

Your task is to find $\operatorname{gcd}(\mathrm{N}, \mathrm{M})$.

## Input

The input file consists of several data sets. The first line contains the number of data sets $\mathrm{T}(1<=$ $T<=10000$ ). The following $T$ lines describe the data sets, one triple ( $N, M, K$ ) for each.

## Output

For each data test in the input write the $\operatorname{gcd}(\mathrm{N}, \mathrm{M})$.

## Example

Input:
2
6485708841046681193541334206441917083108454030652330582355854383288574655 8017723549591733497431760108259

## Output:

1
1
Note: For the first trio $\mathrm{a}=648570884104668119354126$ and $\mathrm{b}=7$.
For the second $a=8016478423$ and $b=1245126$.

