## Substitution cipher

You are given a sequence of $n$ characters $S=s_{1}, s_{2}, \ldots, s_{n}$ in such a way that for $i \neq j$ we have also $s_{i} \neq s_{j}$. Your task is to substitute every $s_{i}$ with $s_{i+1}$ for $i$ in $\{1,2, \ldots n-1\}$ and $s_{n}$ with $s_{1}$ in the given plain text.

## Input

In the first line you are given one integer $2<=n<=26$, and in the following line $n$ characters.
In the third line you are given one integer $2<=m<=100$, and in the following $m$ lines you are given a plaintext to be encoded. Plaintext contains only white spaces and small letters from the Latin alphabet. The whole plain text is at most 1000 characters long.

## Output

Encoded text, as specified above.

## Example 1

Input:
6
spojit
3
after this training
we will solve even
difficult and tricky problems easily

## Output:

afser shtp sratntng
we wtll pjlve even
dtfftculs and sttcky orjblemp eaptly

## Example 2

Input:
10
dontgiveup
3
after this training
we will solve even
difficult and tricky problems easily

## Output:

afgur ghvs gravtvti
wu wvll snleu ueut
ovffvcplg ato grvcky drnblums uasvly

