## Two rectangles

Given 8 integers: $-1000<x_{1}, y_{1}, x_{2}, y_{2}, x_{3}, y_{3}, x_{4}, y_{4}<1000$.
Check what is the shape of the intersection of two axis-aligned rectangles: $P 1=\left(x_{1}, y_{1}\right),\left(x_{1}, y_{2}\right)$, $\left(x_{2}, y_{2}\right),\left(x_{2}, y_{1}\right)$ and $P 2=\left(x_{3}, y_{3}\right),\left(x_{3}, y_{4}\right),\left(x_{4}, y_{4}\right),\left(x_{4}, y_{3}\right)$.

- If the rectangles do not intersect print nothing.
- If there is exactly one point in common print point.
- If the intersections of $P 1$ and $P 2$ is a line segment print line.
- If they have a rectangular area in common print rectangle.


## Input data specification

The first line contains the number of test cases $t(1<=t<1000)$. Each of the following $t$ lines contains 8 integers: $x_{1}, y_{1}, x_{2}, y_{2}, x_{3}, y_{3}, x_{4}, y_{4}$.

The area of both rectangles is greater than 0 .

## Output data specification

For each test case print one word on a separate line: nothing, point, line or rectangle.

## Example

## Input:

5
11222233
1011101291012
2310101400
120201210102
102020102030251

## Output:

point
line
nothing
rectangle
line

## Scoring

By solving this problem you will score 10 points.

## Bonus challenge

The registered contestant who solves the problem in the least number of bytes of source code will receive a small gift.

