## Intersection Point

Given a circle and a line segment compute their point of intersection. You can assume that one of the endpoints of the line segment belongs to the interior of the circle, while the other to the exterior.

## Input

First $t<1000$, the number of test cases. In each of the following $t$ lines, 7 integers: $-1000<=x, y$ $<=1000$, where $x$ and $y$ are the circle center coordinates and $0<r<=1000$ the radius of the circle; $-1000<=x_{1}, y_{1}, x_{2}, y_{2}<=1000$, where $x_{i}, y_{i}$ are the coordinates of the endpoints of the line segment.

## Output

For each test case print the intersection point coordinates with two digits of precision.

## Example

## Input:

2
0010002
10101015102510

## Output:

0.001 .00
20.0010 .00

## Scoring

By solving this problem you score 10 points.

