## Base Is Damn Easy

You are given a number say N , you have to say minimum base B , on which this is a valid number. For example 10 is valid number in decimal (base 10) representation as well as in binary ( base 2). For number 10 , your answer should be 2 , as this is minimum base.

## Note:

Definition of Base: Base is the number of unique digits, including zero, used to represent numbers in a positional numeral system. For example, for the decimal system (the most common system in use today) the base is ten, because it uses the ten digits from 0 through 9.

## Input

Input description...
First line begins with TC giving number of test cases. For each test case, first line begins with L , giving the length of number, then L lines follows -Ni , denoting the each digit of number in array format.

Note: there will be no leading zeros l.e. $\mathrm{N}(0)$ will not be 0 .

## Constraints:

$1<=T C<=5$
$2<=\mathrm{L}<=9$
$0<=\mathrm{Ni}<=9$

## Output

For each case of input, print one line of output denoting the minimum base ( $B$ ) representation for that number.

## Example

Input:
1
2
1
0

## Output:

