## Musical Frequencies

Butch is learning about the frequencies of musical notes, and he wants you to help him check whether he's calculated them correctly.

A formula you can use to calculate frequences is
$\mathrm{f}=440 * 2^{\mathrm{N} / 12}$

Where N is the number of half-steps away from A 4 . (Note that if N is negative, that means it's halfsteps to the left.)

In case you aren't familiar with a piano, here's a sample:
http://www.balaams-ass.com/octave01.jpg

A half-step is the next note over; either a sharp (black note--denoted by the \# symbol), if that note has one, or just the next note.

Butch would like to give you a note, and have you calculate that note's frequency. Butch will only input sharps or regular notes (so no flats, for those musically talented competitors). The lowest note will be C 0 , and the highest will be D\#8.

For an extra challenge: Use a function to generically find the distance between any two notes-not just A4. This may be used to break ties.

## Input

Line 1: String representing the note

## Output

Line 1: The frequency, TO 6 DECIMAL PLACES.

## Example

Input:
C\#5

## Output:

554.365261

