## Chicks

There are n hens in a farm. The egg hatching ability of all the hens decreases by 1 day after each time they hatch an egg. (i.e. every hen will hatch the next egg 1 day slower than the time it took to hatch the previous egg)

Let the initial egg hatching ability of Hen[i] be $D[i]$.

- Hen[i] lays it's first egg on $D[i]$ th day.
- Hen[i] lays it's second egg on 2*D[i]+1 th day.
- Hen[i] lays it's thrid egg on $3^{*} D[i]+3 r d$ day.
- Hen[i] lays it's fourth egg on $4^{*} D[i]+6$ th day.
- Hen[i] lays it's fifth egg on $5 * D[i]+10$ th day.
and so on..

Given $\mathbf{n}$ - the number of hens and the array $\mathbf{D}$ - the initial egg hatching ability of the hens, find the minimum number of days required to produce at least $\mathbf{K}$ eggs. You can safely assume that eggs neither gets damaged nor converted into hens.

## Input

The first line consists of integers $\mathbf{t}$, the number of test cases. For each test case, the first line consists two integers $\mathbf{n}$ and $\mathbf{K}$. The next line consists of $\mathbf{n}$ integers representing the initial egg hatching ability of the hens.

## Output

For each test case, find the minimum number of days required to produce at least $\mathbf{K}$ eggs.

## Constraints

$1<=\mathrm{t}<=10^{\wedge} 2$
$1<=\mathrm{n}<=10^{\wedge} 3$
$1<=\mathrm{K}<=10^{\wedge} 8$
$1<=\mathrm{D}[\mathrm{i}]<=10^{\wedge} 8$

## Example

## Sample Input:

## 3

14
1
25
25
51000000
12345
Sample Output:

## Explanation of Test case \#2

There are 2 hens and we need to produce 5 eggs
At time 2, Hen 0 lays an egg.
At time 5, Hen 0 and Hen1 lay an egg each.
At time 9, Hen 0 lays an egg
At time 11, Hen1 lays an egg.

