## Totient Extreme

Given the value of N , you will have to find the value of H . The meaning of H is given in the following code:

```
H=0;
For (i=1; i<=n; i++) {
    For (j=1; j<=n; j++) {
        H=H + totient(i) * totient(j);
    }
}
```

Totient or phi function, $\varphi(\mathrm{n})$ is an arithmetic function that counts the number of positive integers less than or equal to $n$ that are relatively prime to $n$. That is, if $n$ is a positive integer, then $\varphi(n)$ is the number of integers $k$ in the range $1 \leq k \leq n$ for which $\operatorname{gcd}(n, k)=1$

## Constraints

$0<\mathrm{T}<=50$
$0<\mathrm{N}<=10^{\wedge} 4$

## Input

The first line contains $T$, the number of test cases. It is followed by T lines each containing a number N .

## Output

For each line of input produce one line of output. This line contains the value of H for the corresponding N.

## Example

Input:
2
3
10

## Output:

16
1024

