OR

Given an array of N integers $A_1, A_2, A_3...A_N$. If you randomly choose two indexes i ,j such that $1 \le i < j \le N$, what is the expected value of $A_i | A_j$?

Input

First line contains an integer T, the number of test cases. Each test case consists of two lines. First line denotes the size of array, N and second line contains N integers forming the array. $1 \le T \le 10$ $2 \le N \le 100,000$ $0 \le Ai < 2^{31}$

Output

For each test case, print the answer as an irreducible fraction. Follow the format of the sample output.

The fraction p/q (p and q are integers, and both $p \ge 0$ and q > 0 holds) is called irreducible, if there is no such integer d > 1 that divides both p and q separately.

Example

Input:

Output:

0/1 3/1