## Galvin and Time

One day, unfortunately galvin's car was broken down, so he has to move from one place to another place on his legs either by walking or running. While walking(W) his speed is $8 \mathbf{k m} / \mathbf{h r}$ and while running $(\mathbf{R})$ his speed is $\mathbf{1 0} \mathbf{~ k m} / \mathbf{h r}$. While travelling from one place to another he can walk, run or both but exactly for $5 \mathbf{k m}$ each i.e he can walk or run continously for exactly 5 km , after each 5 km he take rest which is of negligible time.
Eg: suppose you have sequence of operation (R or W) given: WRRW. Now galvin walk for 5 km then take rest, then run for 5 km then take rest and again run for 5 km then take rest, and finally walk for 5 km .
You are given distance(D) between two places and time (in 24 hour format) at which he started his journey.

Your task is to output the Time at which he reach at his destination (Consider any place as his starting and destination place). Time should be in 24 hour format (00:00:00--23:59:59).

## Input

First line of Input contains no. of test cases $\mathrm{T}(\mathrm{T}<=100)$.
Each test case contain two lines: 1st line contain Distance $D(5<=D<=500000)$ (always divisible by 5), Time at which he started his journey and 2nd line contain a sequence of operation("W" or "R").

## Output

For each test case print a string "Case \#i: "(i is test case number) followed by "Time"(in 24 hour format) at which he reach at his destination.

## Example

Input:
2
10 23:59:59
RW
20 19:10:05
RWWR

## Output:

Case \#1: 01:07:29
Case \#2: 21:25:05

