## Great Grading Scheme

Determine grade of a given mark.
These are the scales:

| Marks | Grade |
| :--- | :--- |
| $80-100$ | A+ |
| $75-79$ | A |
| $70-74$ | A- |
| $65-69$ | $B_{+}$ |
| $60-64$ | B |
| $55-59$ | B- |
| $50-54$ | C |
| $45-49$ | D |
| $0-44$ | F |

##  

## Input

First line of input contains the case number $\mathrm{T}(\mathrm{T}<=25)$. Then next T lines contains an integer M ( $0<=\mathrm{M}<=100$ ) each, which is the marks obtained. You need to convert M to equivalent grade as specified in the chart above.

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## Output

For each case print a line in the following form: "Case X : <grade>", where X is the number of test case starting from 1 and <grade> must be replaced with the equivalent grade from the chart.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { ■ }
\end{aligned}
$$

## Example

Input:

Output:
Case 1: A+
Case 2: F
Case 3: B-

