## Lexicographic position

Let us consider the set of integer numbers between 1 and N inclusive. Order them lexicographically (i. e. like in the vocabulary), for example, for $N=11$ the order would be: 1, 10, $11,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9$.

Denote the position of the number K in this ordering as $\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{N}, \mathrm{K}}$. For example, $\mathrm{Q}_{11,2}=4$.
Given $N$ and $K$, compute $Q_{N, K}$.

## Input

The first line contains a number T, which is the number of test cases. T lines follow, each contains 2 integers N and K separated by a single space.

## Output

For each test case, print $Q_{N, K}$ on a single line.

## Constraint

$1 \leq \mathrm{T} \leq 100$
$1 \leq K \leq N \leq 10^{100}$

## Example

Input:
7
11
112
215211
215215
21526
21599
1000000000999999999

## Output:

1
4
126
130
135
215
1000000000

