# **Connect Line Segments**

Your dear son Arnie is addicted to a puzzle named Connect Line Segments.

In this puzzle, you are given several line segments placed on a two-dimensional area. You are allowed to add some new line segments each connecting the end points of two existing line segments. The objective is to form a single polyline, by connecting all given line segments, as short as possible. The resulting polyline is allowed to intersect itself.



Arnie has solved many instances by his own way, but he is wondering if his solutions are the best one. He knows you are a good programmer, so he asked you to write a computer program with which he can verify his solutions.

Please respond to your dear Arnie's request.

### Input

The input consists of multiple test cases.

Each test case begins with a line containing a single integer  $n (2 \le n \le 14)$ , which is the number of the initial line segments. The following n lines are the description of the line segments. The *i*-th line consists of four real numbers:  $x_{i,1}$ ,  $y_{i,1}$ ,  $x_{i,2}$ , and  $y_{i,2}$  (-100  $\le x_{i,1}$ ,  $y_{i,1}$ ,  $x_{i,2}$ ,  $y_{i,2} \le 100$ ). ( $x_{i,1}$ ,  $y_{i,1}$ ) and ( $x_{i,2}$ ,  $y_{i,2}$ ) are the coordinates of the end points of the *i*-th line segment.

The end of the input is indicated by a line with single "0".

# Output

For each test case, output the case number followed by the minimum length in a line.

The output value should be printed with five digits after the decimal point.

## Example

#### Input:

#### Output:

Case 1: 36.24264 Case 2: 16.84508