## Row Max Average

Given an N by M matrix get the maximum average of a row in it.

## Input

First line containing two numbers N and $\mathrm{M}(1<=\mathrm{N}, \mathrm{M}<=10)$.
The following N lines each contains M numbers representing the matrix.
The absolute value of values in the matrix won't exceed 100.

## Output

The maximum average of a row with 2 decimal points.

## Example

Input:
22
10
11
Output:
1.00

Explanation of sample input:
The average of the first row is $(1+0) / 2=0.5$
The average of the second row is $(1+1) / 2=1$

