

# Primes in GCD Table (Hard)

This problem is a harder version of [PGCD](#).

Let  $P$  be the set of all prime numbers. For two positive integers  $n$  and  $m$ , define

$$f(n,m) = \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^m [\gcd(i,j) \in P],$$

which counts the number of prime numbers among the greatest common divisors  $\gcd(i,j)$  for  $1 \leq i \leq n$  and  $1 \leq j \leq m$ .

Your task: given  $n$  and  $m$ , compute  $f(n,m)$ .

## Input

The first line contains an integer  $T$ , indicating the number of test cases.

Each of the next  $T$  lines contains two positive integers  $n$  and  $m$ .

## Output

For each test case, print  $f(n, m)$  in a single line.

## Example

**Input:**

```
4
10 10
100 100
123456789 987654321
233333333333 233333333333
```

**Output:**

```
30
2791
33523360713808196
14968599673221238693021
```

## Constraints

There are 6 test files.

Test #0:  $1 \leq T \leq 10000$ ,  $1 \leq n, m \leq 10^7$ .

Test #1:  $1 \leq T \leq 200$ ,  $1 \leq n, m \leq 10^8$ .

Test #2:  $1 \leq T \leq 40$ ,  $1 \leq n, m \leq 10^9$ .

Test #3:  $1 \leq T \leq 10$ ,  $1 \leq n, m \leq 10^{10}$ .

Test #4:  $1 \leq T \leq 2$ ,  $1 \leq n, m \leq 10^{11}$ .

Test #5:  $T = 1$ ,  $1 \leq n$ ,  $m \leq 235711131719$ .

@Speed Addicts: My solution runs in 4.87s (total time). (approx 0.81s per file)