## Longest path in a tree

You are given an unweighted, undirected tree. Write a program to output the length of the longest path (from one node to another) in that tree. The length of a path in this case is number of edges we traverse from source to destination.

## Input

The first line of the input file contains one integer $N$--- number of nodes in the tree ( $0<N<=$ 10000). Next $N$-1 lines contain $N$-1 edges of that tree --- Each line contains a pair $(u, v)$ means there is an edge between node $u$ and node $v(1<=u, v<=N)$.

## Output

Print the length of the longest path on one line.

## Example

Input:
3
12
23
Output:
2

