## A Famous Grid

Mr. B has recently discovered the grid named "spiral grid". Construct the grid like the following figure. (The grid is actually infinite. The figure is only a small part of it.)

| 100 | 99 | 98 | 97 | 96 | 95 | 94 | 93 | 92 | 91 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 65 | 64 | 63 | 62 | 61 | 60 | 59 | 58 | 57 | 90 |
| 66 | 37 | 36 | 35 | 34 | 33 | 32 | 31 | 56 | 89 |
| 67 | 38 | 17 | 16 | 15 | 14 | 13 | 30 | 55 | 88 |
| 68 | 39 | 18 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 12 | 29 | 54 | 87 |
| 69 | 40 | 19 | 6 | 1 | 2 | 11 | 28 | 53 | 86 |
| 70 | 41 | 20 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 27 | 52 | 85 |
| 71 | 42 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 51 | 84 |
| 72 | 43 | 44 | 45 | 46 | 47 | 48 | 49 | 50 | 83 |
| 73 | 74 | 75 | 76 | 77 | 78 | 79 | 80 | 81 | 82 |

Considering traveling around it, you are free to any cell containing a composite number or 1 , but traveling to any cell containing a prime number is disallowed. You can travel up, down, left or right, but not diagonally. Write a program to find the length of the shortest path between pairs of nonprime numbers, or report it's impossible.

|  |  |  | 97 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  | 61 |  | 59 |  |  |  |
|  | 37 |  |  |  |  |  | 31 |  | 89 |
| 67 |  | 17 |  |  |  | 13 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 5 |  | 3 |  | 29 |  |  |
|  |  | 19 |  |  | 2 | 11 |  | 53 |  |
|  | 41 |  | 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 71 |  |  |  | 23 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 43 |  |  |  | 47 |  |  |  | 83 |
| 73 |  |  |  |  |  | 79 |  |  |  |

## Input

Each test case is described by a line of input containing two nonprime integer $1<=\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}<=10,000$.

## Output

For each test case display its case number followed by the length of the shortest path or impossible in one line.

## Example

## Input:

14
932
1012

## Output:

Case 1: 1
Case 2: 7
Case 3: impossible

