## Square-free integers

In number theory we call an integer square-free if it is not divisible by a perfect square, except 1. You have to count them!

## Input

First line contains an integer $T$, the number of test cases ( $T \leq 100$ ). The following $T$ lines each contains one positive integer: $n$, where $\mathrm{n} \leq 10^{14}$

## Output

$T$ lines, on each line output the number of (positive) square-free integers not larger than $n$.

## Example

Input:
3
1
1000
100000000000000

Output:
1
608
60792710185947
Warning: A naive algorithm probably not works.

