## Subset Sums

Given a sequence of $N(1 \leq N \leq 34)$ numbers $S_{1}, \ldots, S_{N}\left(-20,000,000 \leq S_{i} \leq 20,000,000\right)$, determine how many subsets of $S$ (including the empty one) have a sum between $A$ and $B$ ($500,000,000 \leq A \leq B \leq 500,000,000$ ), inclusive.

## Input

The first line of standard input contains the three integers $\mathrm{N}, \mathrm{A}$, and B . The following N lines contain $\mathrm{S}_{1}$ through $\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{N}}$, in order.

## Output

Print a single integer to standard output representing the number of subsets satisfying the above property. Note that the answer may overflow a 32-bit integer.

## Example

## Input:

3-12
1
-2
3

## Output:

5

The following 5 subsets have a sum between -1 and 2 :

- $0=0$ (the empty subset)
- $1=1$
- $1+(-2)=-1$
- $-2+3=1$
- $1+(-2)+3=2$

