Zig-Zag rabbit

A N×N matrix is filled with numbers 1 to N^2 , diagonally in a zig-zag fashion.

The table below shows numbers in the matrix for N = 6.

1	2	6	7	15	16
3	5	8	14	17	26
4	9	13	18	25	27
10	12	19	24	28	33
11	20	23	29	32	34
21	22	30	31	35	36

There is a rabbit in the cell containing number 1. A rabbit can jump to a neighboring cell (up, down, left or right) if that cell exists.

Given K valid rabbit jumps, write a program that will calculate the sum of numbers of all cells that rabbit visited (add the number to the sum each time rabbit visits the same cell).

Input

The first line contains two integers N and K ($1 \le N \le 100000$, $1 \le K \le 300000$), the size of the matrix and the number of rabbit jumps.

The second line contains a sequence of K characters 'U', 'D', 'L' and 'R', describing the direction of each jump. The sequence of jumps will not leave the matrix at any moment.

Output

Output one integer, the sum of numbers on visited cells.

Note: This number doesn't always fit in 32-bit integer type.

Example

Input:	Input:	Input:
6 8	3 8	6 10
DDRRUULL	DDRRUULL	RRRRRDDDDD
Output:	Output:	Output:
47	41	203

Clarification for the first sample: The rabbit visits cells 1, 3, 4, 9, 13, 8, 6, 2 and 1. **Clarification for the second sample:** The rabbit visits cells 1, 3, 4, 8, 9, 7, 6, 2 and 1. **Clarification for the third sample:** The rabbit visits cells 1, 2, 6, 7, 15, 16, 26, 27, 33, 34 and 36.