## Pairs of Integers

You are to find all pairs of integers such that their sum is equal to the given integer number N and the second number results from the first one by striking out one of its digits. The first integer always has at least two digits and starts with a non-zero digit. The second integer always has one digit less than the first integer and may start with a zero digit.

## Input

The first line of the input file is the integer number $t(1 \leq t \leq 20)$, the number of test cases. Then $t$ lines follow, each test case in one line; the line consists of a single integer $N\left(10 \leq N \leq 10^{\wedge} 9\right)$.

## Output

For each test case:
On the first line write the total number of different pairs of integers that satisfy the problem statement. On the following lines write all those pairs. Write one pair on a line in ascending order of the first integer in the pair. Each pair must be written in the following format
$X+Y=N$
Here $\mathrm{X}, \mathrm{Y}$, and N , must be replaced with the corresponding integer numbers. There should be exactly one space on both sides of ' + ' and ' $=$ ' characters.

## Example

## Input:

2
302
11
Output:
5
$251+51=302$
$275+27=302$
$276+26=302$
$281+21=302$
$301+01=302$
1
$10+1=11$

